学位論文要約 Dissertation Summary

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論 文 名: Symmetry and elasticity of majoritic garnets and phase relations in the system $MgSiO_3 - Al_2O_3$ at high pressure and high temperature (Dissertation Title)

Summary:

Investigation of physical and chemical properties of minerals in the system $MgSiO_3$ – Al_2O_3 can provide important information to constrain the chemical composition, structure and mineralogy of the Earth's mantle. In this research thesis, I studied symmetry and elasticity of garnets under pressure and temperature conditions of the mantle transition zone and phase relations in the system $MgSiO_3 - Al_2O_3$ under those of the upper part region of the lower mantle

Majoritic garnets in the system the majorite-pyrope were synthesized at high pressure and high temperature. The phase transition from cubic to tetragonal structure was obviously observed at a composition of $Mj_{74}Py_{26}$ in the majorite-pyrope system.

Elastic wave velocities of polycrystalline $Mj_{80}Py_{20}$ garnet along the majorite-pyrope system have been measured at pressures up to 21 GPa and temperatures up to 2000 K using ultrasonic interferometry in conjunction with in-situ X-ray diffraction techniques in a Kawai-type multi-anvil apparatus. Elastic moduli of $Mj_{80}Py_{20}$ garnet and their pressure and temperature derivatives are determined by a two-dimensional linear fitting of the present experimental data, yielding: $K_s = 161.5$ (7) GPa, $\partial K_s/\partial P = 4.42$ (4), $\partial K_s/\partial T = -0.0154$ (2) GPa/K, G = 86.2 (2) GPa, $\partial G/\partial P = 1.28$ (1), $\partial G/\partial T = -0.0096$ (5) GPa/K. The present results together with those of early studies on the majorite-pyrope solid solutions suggest the pressure and temperature derivatives of elastic moduli are insensitive to majorite content in the majorite-pyrope system. Velocity gradients of the majorite-pyrope solid solutions are 3~6 times lower than those required to account for the high seismic velocity gradients observed in the mantle transition zone.

Phase relations in the system $MgSiO_3 - Al_2O_3$ were investigated between 15.0 to 51.8

GPa at 2000 K using sintered diamond anvils in a multi-anvil apparatus. A two phase region of garnet and corundum existed between 15.0 to 27.0 GPa, and a wide phase assemblage of aluminous bridgamanite and corundum was stabilized at pressures above 27 GPa. Al₂O₃ solubility in bridgmanite and MgSiO₃ solubility in corundum are both dependent on pressure and temperature. The unit-cell volumes of aluminous bridgmanite increased with increasing Al₂O₃ content, and those of corundum also increased with increasing MgSiO₃ content. Bridgmanite with pyrope chemical composition is formed at ~ 45 GPa, which is significantly higher than previous result (37 GPa). Al₂O₃ content in bridgmanite and MgSiO₃ content in corundum maybe a good pressure reference at pressures greater than 30 GPa.